

LIBTVA — User Guide

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 About this document

Sufficient knowledge of TVA is assumed as we will not go into describing TVA as such. Please note that this document is under heavy construction, *suggestions are welcome!*

1.2 System requirements

We believe the following systems are supported:

1. Matlab 2009b or later 32/64bit on Windows XP 32/64bit.
2. Matlab 2010b or later 32/64bit on Ubuntu Linux 32/64bit.
3. Matlab 2010a or later 32/64bit on Ubuntu Linux 32/64bit.
4. Matlab 2010a or later 32/64bit on Mac OS X 32/64bit.

1.3 Obtaining and installing the software

1. Obtain the latest LIBTVA software by visiting <http://zappa.psy.ku.dk/libtva> and downloading the appropriate LIBTVA zip-file.
2. Unzip the LIBTVA zip-file to extract the `libtva` folder.
3. Make sure that the path to the extracted folder gets added to the Matlab search path. This can be done by clicking the File-menu in the Matlab window, then clicking “Set Path...”, then clicking “Add folder...”, and then selecting the `libtva` folder which was extracted from the zip-file.
4. Test the installation by running `tvaversion` like this

```
>> tvaversion
```

If the toolbox is correctly installed then you should see a message similar to the following

```
LIBTVA version: pre-Release.  
Engine status: Engine is sane.
```

Note that if you get the above message, but with an engine which is *NOT* sane, then your platform might not be supported by the version you have installed. This means that some of the toolbox functions which access the low level LIBTVA engine will not run.

Chapter 2

Tutorial

2.1 Your first fit with LIBTVA

2.1.1 Loading your data

LIBTVA is backwards compatible with the dataformat used with the WinTVAfit software by Søren Kyllingsbæk [2], but note however that *the old dataformat does not contain information about whether a trial is masked or unmasked*. Assuming that your tutorial datafile is found in 'datafile.dat' you may load the data into a Matlab variable by running the following command

```
>> tvadata = tvaloader('datafile.dat');
```

If the datafile is in a different directory, then the path to the datafile must be included in the command above. If the command is successful, you will see a message similar to

Found 5 columns in the file.

and you can then proceed to the next step with the data now loaded in the Matlab variable `tvadata`.

2.1.2 Inspecting your data

To inspect the data, run for example `TVAREPORT` like this

```
>> tvareport(tvadata);
```

This will print a table of the stimulus exposure durations per conditions among other useful information.

2.1.3 Performing a simple fit

To do a simple fit, run `TVAFIT` on the data

```
>> [theta,tvamodel,tvadata] = tvafit(tvadata);
```

This will fit using some defaults.

2.1.4 Inspecting your simple fit

See the fit and errorbars with

```
>> tvareport(tvadata,tvamodel,theta);
```

2.2 Mixing masked and un-masked trials

2.2.1 Method one

The TVALOADER has been equipped with a fix for un-masked conditions. Use

```
>> tvadata = tvaloader('filename','STD', uc );
```

where uc is a list of condition numbers that are to be assumed un-masked, for example if conditions 5 and 6 are to be assumed un-masked then the command would be as follows

```
>> tvadata = tvaloader('filename','STD', [5 6] );
```

Note that trials are assumed masked unless otherwise defined.

2.2.2 Method two

Alternatively, to define un-masked conditions after the data has been loaded use TVAPATCHER like this

```
>> tvadata = tvapatcher(tvadata, {[5 6], 'unmask', 1});
```

where [5 6] is to be replaced by a list of condition numbers that are to be assumed un-masked.

2.2.3 Proceeding to fit

After you have done either of the above methods you can proceed to fit exactly as before.

2.3 Fitting multiple files and exporting group spreadsheet

Put the following in a text-file (.m) and adjust according to your needs

2.3.1 fitmygroup.m

```
%% Where is the data, and what files to fit...
datpath = '/home/mads/professor/Copenhagen/data/behavioral/randi/level2';
datfiles = {'Singlet204out.dat',
            'Singlet205out.dat'};

%% Put the condition numbers of un-masked trials.
unmaskedcond = [ ]; % set f.eks. to [5 6]

% This is used to name output files (see XX in the comments below).
uddyb = 'fit1000';

%% prepare variables for the following call to tvafit
%% [theta,tvamodel,tvadata,df,bic] = tvafit(D,L,M,C,P,S,A)
L = 1; % number of v values if applicable, or number of w values is applicable.
M = 'FREE'; % K-model. Could be 'TRAD' or 'FREE' or 'BINOSTACK' (unpublished)
C = 'EXP'; % Curve. Could be 'EXP' or 'EX-GAUSSIAN'.
P = 0; % Estimate lapses? - P=0 means no, P=1 means yes.
S = 0; % If applicable (not if v above), estimate C or s? - 0 means C, 1 means 1 s, 2 means 2 s etc.
A = 1; % If applicable (distractors?), A=1 means one alpha for all, A=2 means individual alpha.

if ~isempty(unmaskedcond) && strcmp(C,'EX-GAUSSIAN')
    error('EX-Gaussian curve is not supported when unmasked trials. (YET!)');
end

%% The script will do the rest:
%%   Each fit will be saved in the data path as datafile_XX.mat
%%   And, finally a spreadsheet named report_XX.txt will be written to the datpath.
```

```

for subj = 1:length(datfiles)
    datfil = datfiles{subj};
    filename = fullfile(datpath,datfil);
    [tvadata,columns] = tvaloader(filename,'STD', unmaskedcond);
    [theta,tvamodel,tvadata,df,bic] = tvafit(tvadata,L,M,C,P,S,A);
    [dummy,filepre,fileext] = fileparts(datfil);
    tail = ['_' ddyb '.mat'];
    fitfilename = fullfile(datpath,[filepre tail]);
    save(fitfilename,'theta','tvamodel','tvadata','df','bic');
end

reportfilename = fullfile(datpath,['report_ ' ddyb '.txt']);
fprintf('Rapporten bliver gemt i %s\n',reportfilename);

tvaexport(reportfilename,'DIR',fullfile(datpath,['*' tail]));

```

2.3.2 Group analysis with R, SPSS, Excel etc...

The written file 'report_XXX.txt' can be imported into your favorite statistics program.

2.3.3 Interpretation of the output

Error-bars

The software computes parametric error-bars using a Gaussian approximation to the multivariate parameter pdf. Parameters K and σ_0 are excluded from the computation of error-bars, and any correlations with these parameters are therefore neglected.

Chapter 3

Known issues

- Fitting with the ex-Gaussian engine does not support un-masked trials yet. The Hessian entry for (μ, u_0) needs to be derived and implemented first. So, if you have un-masked trials then use only the exponential curve.
- un-masked trial indicator needs to be incorporated into the data file format so that the user does not have to specify un-masked conditions when using the toolbox.
- Supported systems may vary.

Chapter 4

The LIBTVA Matlab function reference

This chapter contains an extract of the help text which is provided with each Matlab function of the LIBTVA toolbox. The information here is thus equivalent to typing

```
>> help XXXXXX
```

where XXXXXX can be the name of a Matlab function. Not all functions have very elaborate help text, but this will be expanded over time. Again, suggestions are welcome!

4.1 tvabic

TVABIC

Synopsis

=====

```
bpp = tvabic(data)
bpz = tvabic(data,dim)
bic = tvabic(data,dim,ll)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - September 2010
```

Purpose

=====

Compute the Swartz criterion/Bayes information criterion
to account for parameter count.

Inputs

=====

data - Scalar or TVADATA struct. The criterion depends on the
number of observations: A scalar can be given to directly give
the number of observations; or if TVADATA struct is given, then
the length is taken as the number of trials.

dim - Number of parameters to account for.

ll - The log likelihood (see TVACOST or TVADIAG).

Outputs

=====

```
bpp - Penalization per parameter.  
bpz - Penalization, i.e. dim*bpp.  
bic - The penalized log likelihood, i.e. ll minus bpz.
```

4.2 tvaboot

TVABOOT

Synopsis
=====

```
BOOTSTATS = tvaboot(N,tvadata,varargin)  
  
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --  
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.  
January 2011
```

Purpose
=====

Bootstrap TVAFIT.

Inputs
=====

N - Number of bootstrap samples.

tvadata - Data, same input as to TVAFIT.

varargin - Same inputs as to TVAFIT.

Outputs
=====

BOOTSTATS - Each row of this matrix is the bootstrap sample estimates according to TVAFITVEC.

4.3 tvacheckdatafile

TVACHECKDATAFILE

Synopsis
=====

```
status = tvacheckdatafile(datafile)  
  
-- Author: Rasmus Berg Palm --  
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.  
October 2011
```

Purpose

=====

Checks if datafile is sane. Throws exception if not.

Inputs

=====

datafile - A string containing the data filename.

Outputs

=====

status - 'OK' if no errors found.

4.4 tvacheckgrad

TVACHECKGRAD

Synopsis

=====

```
[maxJ, err, index] = tvacheckgrad(theta,tvamodel,tvadata)
[maxJ, err, index] = tvacheckgrad(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,theta_fix)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
April 2010
```

Purpose

=====

Useful for numerical checking of gradient computations. This
is intended for debugging purposes.

4.5 tvaconditions

TVACONDITONS

Synopsis

=====

1. for PR and WR data

```
[cc,tt,nn,errors,intrusions, ...
reported,correported,targets, ...
distractors,scorepdf,maxtargets] = tvaconditions(tvadata)
```

2. for CD data

```
[cc,tt,nn,tp,fp,tn,fn,dk] = tvaconditions(tvadata);
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - May 2010
```

Purpose

=====

Summarize stimulus and subject behavior and performance per condition.

Inputs

=====

tvadata - Dataset (see also TVALOADER).

4.6 tvacost

TVACOST

Synopsis

=====

```
[nll,g,H] = tvacost(theta,theta_fix,tvamodel,tvadata)
[nll,g,H] = tvacost(theta,theta_fix,tvamodel,tvadata,vcf)
[nll,g,H] = tvacost(theta,theta_fix,tvamodel,tvadata,vcf,shutup)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.

2009 - July 2011

Purpose

=====

Compute the cost function, gradient, and Hessian, for optimization purposes.

Inputs

=====

theta - Parameter vector. Note: TVACOST only returns gradient and Hessian for what is in theta, hence, theta should not be stripped if one is optimizing guessing constants.
(see also TVASTRIPTHETA, TVAFLEXCHAIN)

theta_fix - Fixed parameters, can be []. (see also TVAFIXER)

tvamodel - Model struct. (see also TVAINIT)

tvadata - Dataset. (see also TVALOADER)

vcf - (Optional) This must be set to 1 when TVACOST is used for optimization (default). When set to 0, the gradient and Hessian outputs are derived in the human domain.

shutup - (Optional) Set this to 1 to disable the default behavior of writing the cost function to the screen.

Outputs

```
=====
nll - Negative log likelihood.

g - Gradient vector i.e. d_nll/d_theta.

H - Hessian matrix of second order derivatives d^2_nll/d_theta^2
```

4.7 tvadatacat

TVADATACAT

Synopsis
=====

```
[tvadata,pshift,cshift] = tvadatacat(tvadata1,tvadata2)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
November 2011
```

Purpose
=====

Concatenate two TVA datasets.

Inputs
=====

Outputs
=====

4.8 tvadeal

TVADEAL

Synopsis
=====

```
[alpha,w,C,s,v,u0,chdetgm,mu] = tvadeal(tvamodel,theta)
[alpha,w,C,s,v,u0,chdetgm,mu] = tvadeal(tvamodel,theta,theta_fix)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - May 2010
```

Purpose
=====

Deal the elements of theta and theta_fix as according to
the tvamodel.

Inputs

```
=====
tvamodel - Model struct. (see also TVAINIT)

theta - Parameter vector. (see also TVAFLEXCHAIN)

theta_fix - Fixed parameters, can be []. (see also TVAFIXER)
```

4.9 tvadiag

TVADIAG

Synopsis

```
=====
[humtheta,sigma,ll,pM, ...
 p,normg,H,g,U,rcondU] = tvadiag(theta,tvamodel,tvadata)
[humtheta,sigma,ll,pM, ...
 p,normg,H,g,U,rcondU] = tvadiag(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,theta_fix)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - February 2011
```

Purpose

Compute human domain error bars and other diagnostics.

Inputs

theta - Parameter vector. (see also TVAFLEXCHAIN)

tvamodel - Model struct. (see also TVAINIT)

tvadata - Dataset. (see also TVALoader)

theta_fix - (Optional) Fixed parameters. Can be [] for no fixed parameter. (see also TVAFIXER)

Outputs

humtheta - Human readable theta combined with theta_fix.
(see also TVAHUMAN)

sigma - Error bars for humtheta. Elements corresponding to theta_fix will be set to NaN.

ll - Log likelihood.

pM - Bayes model posterior, estimated via Laplace integration approximation.

p - Flag which is 0 whenever Hessian is positive definite.
Note! When p>0 then H is not positive definite and the
error bars and model posterior can not be trusted.

normg - The inf-norm of the gradient vector in optimizer
domain. This should be small in combination with p=0 to
indicate the the model is fitted to an optimum.

H - Hessian matrix, in human domain.

g - gradient vector, in open/optimizer domain.

U - The Cholesky factor of H.

rcondU - Reciprocal 1-norm condition number of U.

4.10 tvaexport

TVAEXPORT

Synopsis
=====

```
tvaexport(filename,op,par1,par2,...,op,...)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - November 2010

Purpose
=====

Export fits to text file suitable for importing into
statistical software such as R, SPSS, etc.
The exported file comes with a header, followed by a
line per fit.

Inputs
=====

filename - The file to create/overwrite. TVAEXPORT Will
prompt if the file already exists.

op - String indicating which option the following arguments
will pertain to. Options are divided in two groups:

Group 1. How to pass the data and fits to TVAEXPORT.

| op | Description |
|-------|--|
| 'DIR' | par1 is the dir argument and the export will be performed on the files that match the dir argument. Each file must have a tvadata, tvamodel, theta, |

```

| and optionally theta_fix variable.
'GIVE' | Give all the fits as five cell arrays of
| identical dimension: par1 is a cell
| array with par1{#} being TVADATA for
| fit no. #. Similarly, par2 holds TVAMODEL,
| par3 holds THETA, par4 holds the id
| strings, and par5 holds THETA_FIX.
| As an option, if par5 is empty then
| theta_fix is assumed [].

```

Group 2. What to put in the exported report.

| op | Description |
|-------|-------------------------------------|
| 'STL' | Single-trial info will be exported. |
| 'LPR' | Fitted parameters will be exported. |

The default for Group 2 is LPR.

4.11 tvaexportsinglettrial

TVAEXPORTSINGLETTRIAL

Synopsis

```
tvaexportsinglettrial(filename,id,tvadata,tvamodel,theta)
tvaexportsinglettrial(filename,id,tvadata,tvamodel,theta,theta_fix)
```

[1] Dyrholm, M., et al. (2011) "Single Trial Inference on Visual Attention", AIP Conference Proceedings, Volume 1371, pp. 37-43

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
December 2010

Purpose

Export single trial variables.

4.12 tvafit

TVAFIT

Synopsis

```
[theta,tvamodel,tvadata,df,bic] = tvafit(D)
[theta,tvamodel,tvadata,df,bic] = tvafit(D,L)
[theta,tvamodel,tvadata,df,bic] = tvafit(D,L,M)
[theta,tvamodel,tvadata,df,bic] = tvafit(D,L,M,C)
[theta,tvamodel,tvadata,df,bic] = tvafit(D,L,M,C,P)
[theta,tvamodel,tvadata,df,bic] = tvafit(D,L,M,C,P,S)
```

```
[theta,tvamodel,tvadata,df,bic] = tvafit(D,L,M,C,P,S,A)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - May 2011
```

Purpose

=====

TVA fitting made easy.

Inputs

=====

(Note that any of the inputs can be set to [] for default value)

D - a FILENAME string or TVADATA struct. If a string is given, then the file will be loaded using TVALoader.

L - Scalar or matrix. Either the number of hazard rates, the number of attentional weights, or the inflator matrix. Default value is 1. See also TVALINK.

M - String indicating the K model. Possible values are 'FREE', 'BINOSTACK', 'TRAD'. Default value is 'FREE'.

C - String indicating the shape of the curve. Possible values are 'EXP' and 'EX-GAUSSIAN'. Default value is 'EXP'.

P - Scalar, flag whether lapse probability should be estimated. Set to 1 for yes. Default value is 0.

S - Scalar, indicating split processing capacity. Set equal to the number of s values to estimate. Default value is 0 which means that C is estimated instead of s.

A - Scalar, flag whether alpha is a scalar or whether distractors get their own weight. Set to 1 for scalar alpha, set different to enable individual distractor weights. Default value is 1.

Outputs

=====

df - Degrees of freedom used.

bic - Bayes Information Criterion, see also TVABIC.

tvamodel.M - Set to M.

tvamodel.Curve - Set to C.

4.13 tvafitvec

TVAFITVEC

Synopsis

=====

v = tvafitvec(varargin)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
January 2011

Purpose

=====

Call TVAFIT and prepare vector for resampling.

Inputs

=====

varargin - Same inputs as TVAFIT.

Outputs

=====

v - Vector of parameters, [theta; tvamodel.K; tvamodel.s0].

4.14 tvafixer

TVAFIXER

Synopsis

=====

1. v = tvafixer(s,x)

2. [theta,theta_fix] = tvafixer(theta,theta_fix,idx,tvamodel)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - April 2010

Purpose

=====

Useful for fixing individual parameters:

1. Transform a value 'x' to so that it can be put in theta or theta_fix manually.

2. Fix a set of parameters in theta. The fixed parameters are moved from theta to theta_fix.

Inputs

=====

s - A character, can be '+' or 'u'. Set it to chose

the transformation of x to v.

x - A number to be transformed. Can be a vector, then all elements will be subject to the same transformation.

theta - Parameter vector.

theta_fix - Vector of fixed parameters.

idx - Parameter indices to fix. The indices are relative to the combination of theta and theta_fix. That is, if theta_fix is [] then idx is relative to theta. Otherwise idx is relative to theta_fix.

tvamodel - Model struct. (see also TVAINIT)

Outputs

=====

v - Transformed version of x. If s is '+' then the exponential function is used. If s is 'u' then the logistic function is used.

theta - New theta, with fewer parameters than on input.

theta_fix - New theta_fix containing the fixed parameters.

4.15 tvaflexchain

TVAFLEXCHAIN

Synopsis

=====

```
[PE,g,H] = tvaflexchain(theta,tvamodel,tvatrial,logistidx,expidx)
[PE,g,H] = tvaflexchain(theta,tvamodel,tvatrial,logistidx,expidx,vcf)
[v,taumu,w] = tvaflexchain(theta,tvamodel,tvatrial,logistidx,expidx,2)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.

2009 - September 2011

Purpose

=====

Compute trial response probability, the gradient, and the Hessian, for various factorizations of the TVA model.

Inputs

=====

theta - Vector of parameters. The elements and order depends on the '.facstr' field of tvamodel. The tables below gives the relationship between valid characters of facstr and theta. The elements must live in open domain on input (see TVAFIXER).

Theta must be stripped from guessing constants on input
(see TVASTRIPTHETA).

character | Corresponding TVA parameter.

| character | Corresponding TVA parameter. |
|-----------|--|
| 'a' | Efficiency of selection, alpha. |
| 'v' | Hazard rate. |
| 'w' | Attentional weight. |
| 'C' | Processing capacity. |
| 's' | Split processing capacity. |
| 'u' | u0 or t0. This must always be present. |
| 'm' | Mu. |

With these characters the user can define which factorisation of the TVA model to use. The following table gives examples of various facstr and their corresponding theta.

facstr | theta

| facstr | theta |
|---------|---|
| 'vu' | [v values; t0] |
| 'wCu' | [w values without w_1; C; t0] |
| 'awCu' | [alpha; w values without w_1; C; t0] |
| 'awsu' | [alpha; w values without w_1; s values; t0] |
| 'awCum' | [alpha; w values without w_1; C; t0; mu] |
| 'awsum' | [alpha; w values without w_1; s values; t0; mu] |

Note that the order of the elements of theta is independent of the order of the characters of facstr. The order of the elements of theta following the first table above. Note that facstr must always contain a 'u'.

tvatrial - A single trial, i.e. a single cell from a TVADATA array. (see also TVALoader)

vcf - Flag whether you want the output g and H to represent theta in open domain or in human domain. Set to 1 for open domain, set to 0 for human domain. Default is 1.

Outputs

=====

PE - Trial response probability.

g - Gradient array. The element order follows the ordering of theta.

H - Hessian matrix. The element order follows the ordering of theta.

4.16 tvagetopts

TVAGETOPTS

Synopsis

=====

```

opts = tvagetopts('datafile 1', 'datafile 2', ...)

-- Author: Rasmus Berg Palm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
May 2011

Purpose
=====
Returns intersect of possible options for datafiles to be used in TVAFIT. If only one datafile is sup

Inputs
=====
datafile(s) - string filename(s)

Outputs
=====
opts - struct with possible options for TVAFIT. The first element of the options are the default valu

Example
=====
opts = tvagetopts('betula.dat', 'betula_bad.dat')

opts =
    mode: 'attentional weights'
    L: 1
    M: {'FREE'  'TRAD'  'BINOSTACK'}
    C: {'EXP'   'EX-GAUSSIAN'}
    P: {[0]  [1]}
    S: [0 1]
    A: 1

```

4.17 tvaheat

TVAHEAT

Synopsis

```
[theta,tvamodel] = tvaheat(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,s0list)
[theta,tvamodel] = tvaheat(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,s0list,theta_fix)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - May 2010
```

Purpose

Heat up the t0 model and pick the best one using log likelihood.

Inputs
=====

theta - Parameter vector. (see also TVAFLEXCHAIN)

tvamodel - Model struct. (see also TVAINIT)

tvadata - Dataset. (see also TVALOADER)

s0list - A vector with the STD[t0] to test.

theta_fix - Vector of fixed parameters. (see also TVAFIXER)

Outputs
=====

theta - New fitted theta assuming ex-Gaussian processing.
(see also TVAPUTT)

tvamodel - New updated model struct with '.s0' field set to
STD[t0].

4.18 tvaheatb

TVAHEAT

Synopsis
=====

```
[theta,tvamodel] = tvaheatb(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,s0list)
[theta,tvamodel] = tvaheatb(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,s0list,theta_fix)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - May 2010

Purpose
=====

Heat up the t0 model and pick the best one using Bayes,
see also TVADIAG.

Inputs
=====

theta - Parameter vector. (see also TVAFLEXCHAIN)

tvamodel - Model struct. (see also TVAINIT)

tvadata - Dataset. (see also TVALOADER)

s0list - A vector with the STD[t0] to test.

theta_fix - Vector of fixed parameters. (see also TVAFIXER)

Outputs

=====

theta - New fitted theta assuming ex-Gaussian processing.
(see also TVAPUTT)

tvamodel - New updated model struct with '.s0' field set to
STD[t0].

4.19 tvaheater

TVAHEATER

Synopsis

=====

```
[theta,tvamodel] = tvaheater(theta,tvamodel,tvadata)
[theta,tvamodel] = tvaheater(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,theta_fix)
[theta,tvamodel] = tvaheater(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,theta_fix,crit)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - June 2010

Purpose

=====

Estimate sigma0, with option to switch criterion.

Inputs

=====

crit - Integer, 1:loglik, 2:bayes. Default is 1.

4.20 tvahuman

TVAHUMAN

Synopsis

=====

```
[humtheta,logistidx,expidx] = tvahuman(theta,tvamodel)
[humtheta,logistidx,expidx] = tvahuman(theta,logistidx,expidx)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - July 2011

Purpose

=====

Convert to human readable. See TVAFIXER for the inverse.

Inputs

=====

theta - Parameter vector. (see also TVAFLEXCHAIN)

tvamodel - Model struct. (see also TVAINIT)

logistidx - Indices of theta that are to be consideret
subject to a unitary constraint.

expidx - Indices of theta that are to be consideret
subject to a positive constraint.

Outputs

=====

humtheta - Human readable version of theta.

logistidx - Indices of theta that are to be consideret
subject to a unitary constraint.

expidx - Indices of theta that are to be consideret
subject to a positive constraint.

4.21 tvainit

TVAINIT

Synopsis

=====

```
[theta,tvamodel] = tvainit(tvadata)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - Aug 2011

Purpose

=====

Ballpark TVA parameters and model configuration to
get a quick and dirty fit to the data. To do more precise
fitting one should use a more elaborate function such as
TVAFIT.

Inputs

=====

tvadata - Dataset. (see also TVALoader)

Outputs

=====

theta - Parameter vector. (see also TVAFLEXCHAIN)

tvamodel - Model struct which can be used for fitting

with given dataset. (see also TVASCULPT)

4.22 tvaisalphaexpanded

TVAISALPHAEXPANDED

Synopsis

=====

```
b = tvaisalphaexpanded(tvamodel)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
July 2010

Purpose

=====

Check whether alpha is position dependent or not.

4.23 tvaiscddata

TVAISCDDATA

Synopsis

=====

```
b = tvaiscddata(tvadata)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - May 2010

Purpose

=====

Check for Change Detection trials in the dataset.

4.24 tvaisprdata

TVAISPRDATA

Synopsis

=====

```
b = tvaisprdata(tvadata)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - May 2010

Purpose

=====

Check for Partial Report trials in the dataset.

4.25 tvaiswrdata

TVAISWRDATA

Synopsis

=====

b = tvaiswrdata(tvadata)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - May 2010

Purpose

=====

Check for Whole Report trials in the dataset.

4.26 tvak

TVAK

Synopsis

=====

K = tvak(tvamodel)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - May 2010

Purpose

=====

Compute K as $E[K|K>0]$.

Outputs

=====

K - Estimated VSTM capacity. The K=0 probability
is not included in the computation.

4.27 tvalapse

TVALAPSE

Synopsis

=====

```
[tvamodel,theta] = tvalapse(tvamodel,theta,tvadata)
[tvamodel,theta] = tvalapse(tvamodel,theta,tvadata,theta_fix)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - May 2010
```

Purpose
=====

Estimate the probability of attentional lapse.

Outputs
=====

tvamodel - The K=0 probability of the model will
be updated to represent the lapse probability.

4.28 tvalink

TVALINK

Synopsis
=====

1. b = tvalink(all)
2. L = tvalink(all,some)

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - May 2010
```

Purpose
=====

Set up inflator matrices for linking elements to TVA parameters.

Inputs
=====

all - integer, how many positions.

some - integer, how many parameters.

Outputs
=====

1. b - A vector of possible 'some' argument.
2. L - inflator matrix.

4.29 tvalinkbuilder

TVALINKBUILDER

Synopsis

=====

L = tvalinkbuilder(L1,L2,L3,...)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
June 2011

Purpose

=====

Set up inflator matrices for linking positions to TVA parameters.

Inputs

=====

Ln -

Outputs

=====

L - inflator matrix.

4.30 tvaloader

TVALoader

Synopsis

=====

[tvadata,columns] = tvaloader(datafile)
[tvadata,columns] = tvaloader(datafile,what)
[tvadata,columns] = tvaloader(datafile,what,opts)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - November 2011

Purpose

=====

Load data from file.

Inputs

=====

datafile - A string containing the data filename.

what - A string, optional, not case sensitive,
possible values: 'STD','CDTAS'. Default is STD.

```

opts - Depends on 'what' as following table

what | Description of opts
-----+
'STD' | Vector with un-masked condition numbers.

Outputs
=====

tvadata - struct

```

4.31 tvalogistic

```

TVALOGISTIC

Synopsis
=====
px = tvalogistic(x)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - June 2010

```

```

Purpose
=====
Compute the logistic function.

```

4.32 tvalpr

```

TVALPR

Synopsis
=====
tvalpr(filename,id,tvadata,tvamodel,theta)
tvalpr(filename,id,tvadata,tvamodel,theta,theta_fix)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2010 - February 2011

```

```

Purpose
=====
The TVA line printer.

```

```

Inputs
=====
filename - A string with the name of the file to write to.
If filename is empty then STDOUT will be used for output.

```

id - A string which will be put in the first column of
the line. If ID is empty, then a header line will be written.

4.33 tvalprx

TVALPRX

Synopsis

=====

```
tvalprx(fid,cmd,varargin)
tvalprx(fid,'PRED',tvadata,tvamodel,theta,theta_fix,cc,title)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
October 2010

Purpose

=====

Line printer extensions.

4.34 tvam

TVAM

Synopsis

=====

```
m = tvam([],str,par1,par2,...)
tvamodel = tvam(tvamodel,str,par1,par2,...)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - May 2010

Purpose

=====

Function for setting the VSTM capacity histogram and
lapse probability.

Inputs

=====

str - A string indicating which pdf to use and
the meaning of par1 etc. Valid strings are:

'TRAD' - (par1)=(mu)

'BINOSTACK' - (par1,par2,par2)=(Kalways,Kmaybe,Pmaybe). The
mean of this is Kalways+Kmaybe*Pmaybe.

'm' - (par1)=(m)

```
'lapse' - (par1)=(Plapse) , requires tvamodel given on input.
```

Outputs

=====

```
If tvamodel is [] then the pdf is returned. Otherwise the cdf is  
returned at tvamodel.K
```

4.35 tvamcmcstep

TVAMCMCSTEP

Synopsis

=====

```
[a,lnpZ] = tvamcmcstep(lnpX,lnpY);  
[a,lnpZ,Z1,Z2,...] = tvamcmcstep(lnpX,lnpY,X1,Y1,X2,Y2,...)  
[a,lnpZ,Z1,Z2,...] = tvamcmcstep(lnpX,lnpY,X1,Y1,X2,Y2,...)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --  
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.  
February 2010
```

Purpose

=====

Metropolis-Hastings step.

Inputs

=====

lnpY - log of proposed probability

Outputs

=====

a - accept flag. 1 if accept, 0 if reject.

Z - Equals *Y* if accept, equals *X* if reject. nb: reject proposed if nan or complex

4.36 tvamuk

TVAMUK

Synopsis

=====

```
[muk,m,idx] = tvamuk(tvamodel)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --  
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.  
2009 - May 2010
```

```

Purpose
=====
Compute E[K], and m.

Inputs
=====
tvamodel -
Outputs
=====
muk - E[K]
m - m, [Plapse k_histo]
idx - indexes non-zero elements of m

```

4.37 tvanumlocations

TVANUMLOCATIONS

```

Synopsis
=====
[N,e] = tvanumlocations(tvadata)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
July 2010

```

Purpose
=====

Return the number of locations in the data.

Outputs
=====

N - The number of locations in trial no. 1.

e - Set to 1 if some other trial deviates from N.
Set to 0 otherwise.

4.38 tvapatcher

TVAPATCHER

Synopsis
=====

```
tvadata = tvapatcher(tvadata,{c1,p1,v1},{c2,p2,v2},...)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - April 2010
```

Purpose

=====

Patch data according to condition numbers.

Inputs

=====

c* - Condition set.

p* - Field name to be set in tvadata.

v* - Field value to be set in tvadata.

4.39 tvapenc

TVAPENC

Synopsis

=====

```
[PE,gv,Hvv,gt,Hvt,Htt] = tvapenc(tau,v,K,x)
[PE,gv,Hvv,gt,Hvt,Htt] = tvapenc(tau,v,K,x,s0)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen
2009 - January 2010
```

Purpose

=====

This routine provides a safe wrapper to the TVACOREPENC routine which calls the libTVA kernel algorithm for computing the probability that an item is encoded into VSTM.

Inputs

=====

tau - Expected effective stimulus duration, t-E[t0].

v - Vector of v values.

K - Scalar, or vector indicating the VSTM capacity CDF.
If K is a scalar then the integer mix model is used,
otherwise K must be the VSTM capacity CDF over
[0,length(v)-1].

x - Probed item scalar in [1,length(v)].

s0 - Scalar, optional, assumed deviation on t0. Specifying this

```
option s0>0.0 will enable the ex-gaussian model. If this option  
is not specified, or set to 0.0 then exponential processing  
will be used (i.e. t0=E[t0]).
```

```
Outputs  
=====
```

```
PE - Encoding probability.
```

```
g* - Gradient arrays. gv is dPE/dv, gt is dPE/dE[t0].
```

```
H** - Hessian matrices. Hvv is ddPE/dvdv. Hvt is the  
vector ddPE/dvdE[t0], Htt is the scalar ddPE/dE[t0]dE[t0].
```

4.40 tvaplot

```
TVAPLOT
```

```
Synopsis
```

```
=====
```

```
[tt,oo,pp,cc] = tvaplot(tvadata,tvamodel,theta)  
[tt,oo,pp,cc] = tvaplot(tvadata,tvamodel,theta,theta_fix)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --  
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.  
February 2012
```

```
Purpose
```

```
=====
```

```
Prepare for plotting purposes.
```

```
Outputs
```

```
=====
```

```
tt - List of exposure average durations per condition.
```

```
oo - List of observed performances, per condition.
```

```
pp - List of predicted performances, per condition.
```

```
cc - List of conditions.
```

4.41 tvappar

```
TVAPPAR
```

```
Synopsis
```

```
=====
```

```
[PP,gv,Hvv,gt,Hvt,Htt] = tvappar(tau,v,K,R,T,s0)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
```

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen
February 2010

Purpose

=====

This routine provides a safe wrapper to the TVACOREPPAR routine which calls the libTVA kernel algorithm for computing the partial report probability for the report R.

Inputs

=====

tau - Expected effective stimulus duration.

v - Vector of v values.

K - Scalar, or vector indicating the VSTM capacity CDF.
If K is a scalar then the integer mix model is used,
otherwise K must be the VSTM capacity CDF over
[0,length(v)-1].

R - Vector, report, each element in [1,length(v)].

T - Vector, targets, each element in [1,length(v)].

s0 - Scalar, optional, assumed deviation on t0. Specifying this option s0>0.0 will enable the ex-gaussian model. If this option is not specified, or set to 0.0 then exponential processing will be used.

Outputs

=====

PP - Report probability.

g* - Gradient arrays. gv is dPP/dv, gt is dPP/dt0.

H** - Hessian matrices. Hvv is ddPP/dvdv. Hvt is the vector ddPP/dvdt0, Htt is the scalar ddPP/dt0dt0.

4.42 tvaprddistwrap

TVAPRDDISTWRAP

Synopsis

=====

```
[Pd,Ed] = tvaprddistwrap(tau,v,K,R,T,s0)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen
July 2010

Purpose

=====

This routine provides a safe wrapper to the TVAPARDDIST routine which calls the libTVA kernel algorithm for computing ...

Inputs

=====

(see also TVAPPARWRAP)

Outputs

=====

Pd(i) - The probability that (i-1) distractors were encoded.

Ed - The expected number of distractors encoded.

4.43 tvapredict

TVAPREDICT

Synopsis

=====

```
S = tvapredict(tvadata,tvamodel,theta,theta_fix)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen
October 2010

[1] Dyrholm, M., et al. (2011) "Single Trial Inference on Visual Attention", AIP Conference Proceedings, Volume 1371, pp. 37-43

Purpose

=====

Compute predictions...

Outputs

=====

S{n}.PE - Individual encoding probabilities.

S{n}.Es - Expected VSTM load.

4.44 tvaputt

TVAPUTT

Synopsis

=====

```
[theta,info] = tvaput(theta,tvamodel,tvadata)
[theta,info] = tvaput(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,theta_fix)
[theta,info] = tvaput(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,theta_fix,opts)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - September 2011
```

Purpose
=====

Fit TVA parameters with fixed K and sigma0.

Inputs
=====

opts - [maxit] , default [100]

4.45 tvapwho

TVAPWHO

Synopsis
=====

```
[PW,gv,Hvv,gt,Hvt,Htt] = tvapwho(tau,v,K,R,s0)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen
January 2010
```

Purpose
=====

This routine provides a safe wrapper to the TVACOREPWHO routine which calls the libTVA kernel algorithm for computing the whole report probability for the report R.

Inputs
=====

tau - Expected effective stimulus duration.

v - Vector of v values.

K - Scalar, or vector indicating the VSTM capacity CDF.
If K is a scalar then the integer mix model is used,
otherwise K must be the VSTM capacity CDF over
[0,length(v)-1].

R - Vector, report, each element in [1,length(v)].

s0 - Scalar, optional, assumed deviation on t0. Specifying this option s0>0.0 will enable the ex-gaussian model. If this option is not specified, or set to 0.0 then exponential processing

will be used.

Outputs

=====

PW - Encoding probability.

g* - Gradient arrays. gy is dPW/dv, gt is dPW/dt0.

H** - Hessian matrices. Hvv is ddPW/dvdv. Hvt is the vector ddPW/dvdt0, Htt is the scalar ddPW/dt0dt0.

4.46 tvareport

TVAREPORT

Synopsis

=====

```
tvareport(tvadata)
tvareport(tvadata,tvamodel,theta)
tvareport(tvadata,tvamodel,theta,theta_fix)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - June 2011
```

Purpose

=====

Display a report about the data, model, and fit.

4.47 tvarsq

TVARSQ

Synopsis

=====

```
[Rsq,oo,pp] = tvarsq(tvadata,tvamodel,theta)
[Rsq,oo,pp] = tvarsq(tvadata,tvamodel,theta,theta_fix)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
February 2012
```

Purpose

=====

Compute R-squared on the mean scores per condition.

oo - Observed score, per condition.

pp - Predicted score, per condition.

4.48 tvasavefit

```
TVASAVEFIT
tvasavefit(fitfile,tvadata,tvamodel,theta)
tvasavefit(fitfile,tvadata,tvamodel,theta,theta_fix)
```

4.49 tvasculpt

TVASCULPT

Synopsis
=====

```
[theta,tvamodel,theta_fix] = tvasculpt(theta,tvamodel,theta_fix,op)
[theta,tvamodel,theta_fix] = tvasculpt(theta,tvamodel,theta_fix,op,par1,par2,...)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - May 2011
```

Purpose
=====

Re-configure an existing tvamodel and theta pair.

Inputs
=====

op - String indicating the operation to perform according to the following table.

| op | string | Description |
|--------|---|-------------|
| <hr/> | | |
| 'C2s' | Go from model with C to model with s. par1 is TVADATA, par2 is the number of s values to use. par can be sinfl. | |
| 'wrep' | Repeat w values. par1 - Repfactor. | |
| 'a2w' | Go from scalar alpha to indiv. alpha. | |

(Note that theta_fix must be empty for some of these operations to be successful due to the use of TVASETVAL)

Outputs
=====

The outputs represent the re-configured model and parameters.

4.50 tvaselect

TVASELECT

```
Synopsis
=====
idx = tvaselect(tvadata,cc)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
September 2011
```

```
Purpose
=====
Subset of TVADATA based on condition numbers.
```

```
Inputs
=====
cc - List of condition numbers.
```

4.51 tvasetval

```
TVASETVAL
```

```
Synopsis
=====
[theta,theta_fix] = tvasetval(theta,tvamodel,theta_fix,chr,value)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
2009 - July 2010
```

```
Purpose
=====
Set a parameter in the theta / theta_fix pair.
```

```
Inputs
=====
chr - Can be 'a','w','C','s','v','u','t','m' to indicate
which parameter to set.

value - The value. (Note that value must have the correct
dimension, see for example TVADEAL, unless theta_fix is
empty).
```

```
Outputs
=====
The outputs represent the updated parameters.
```

4.52 tvashave

TVASHAVE

Synopsis

=====

```
[theta,tvamodel,change] = tvashave(theta,tvamodel,tvadata)
[theta,tvamodel,change] = tvashave(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,theta_fix,opts)
[theta,tvamodel,change] = tvashave(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,theta_fix,opts,puttopts)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.

February 2010

Purpose

=====

Shave K.

Inputs

=====

```
opts - [blade, maxit, epsilon], default [0.5 20 0.01];
epsilon is compared to the largest element of m subject to change
after each iteration.
```

puttopts - see TVAPUTT

Outputs

=====

4.53 tvasmoothplot

TVASMOOTHPLOT

Synopsis

=====

```
[ED,PMS] = tvasmoothplot(tt,tvamodel,theta,tvadata)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.

January 2012

Purpose

=====

Input

=====

tt - Masked exposure durations for the plot. To plot
unmasked plot simply add mu to this.

Output

=====

PMS - Predicted Mean Score.

4.54 tvasniff

TVASNIFT

Synopsis

=====

```
facstr = tvasniff(tvadata)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
May 2011

Purpose

=====

Sniff the data and return a reasonable facstr, see
also TVAFLEXCHAIN.

4.55 tvaspectral

TVASPECTRAL

Synopsis

=====

```
[m1,m2] = tvaspectral(tvadata)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen
October 2010

Purpose

=====

Check the spectral properties of the paradigm.

Outputs

=====

m1 - The number of disjoint stim networks.

m2 -

4.56 tvastripheta

TVASTRIPTHETA

Synopsis

=====

```
[theta,tvamodel,strip,humstrip] = tvastriptheta(theta,tvamodel)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.

2009 - July 2011

Purpose

=====

take gm from theta and put it in the tvamodel.

tvamodel.*gm is updated.

4.57 tvasweepbinostack

TVASWEEPBINOSTACK

Synopsis

=====

```
[theta,tvamodel,Ka,Km,Pm] = tvasweepbinostack(theta,tvamodel,tvadata)
```

```
[theta,tvamodel,Ka,Km,Pm] = tvasweepbinostack(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,theta_fix)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.

2009 - April 2010

Purpose

=====

TVA fitting with BINOSTACK K model.

4.58 tvasweeptrad

TVASWEEPTRAD

Synopsis

=====

```
[theta,tvamodel] = tvasweeptrad(theta,tvamodel,tvadata)
```

```
[theta,tvamodel] = tvasweeptrad(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,theta_fix)
```

```
[theta,tvamodel] = tvasweeptrad(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,theta_fix,limits)
```

```
[theta,tvamodel] = tvasweeptrad(theta,tvamodel,tvadata,theta_fix,limits,resolutionlist)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.

April 2010

Purpose

=====

TVA fitting with TRAD K model.

4.59 tvathetacombine

TVATHETACOMBINE

Synopsis

=====

```
[theta,nanfix,notnanfix] = tvathetacombine(theta_adapt,theta_fix)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.

2009 - July 2010

Purpose

=====

Combine theta and theta_fix. The inverse of TVATHETACOMBUST.

Outputs

=====

nanfix - The nan indices of theta_fix.

notnanfix - The not-nan indices of theta_fix.

4.60 tvathetacombust

TVATHETACOMBUST

Synopsis

=====

```
[theta_adapt,theta_fix] = tvathetacombust(theta,nanfix)
```

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --

Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.

2009 - May 2010

Purpose

=====

The inverse of TVATHETACOMBINE.

4.61 tvaversion

TVAVERSION

Synopsis

=====

tvaversion

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen.
July 2010
```

Purpose

=====

Print version and engine status to the screen.

4.62 tvaxrddist

TVAXRDDIST

Synopsis

=====

```
[Pd,Ed,Pi] = tvaxrddist(tau,v,K,R,T,s0)
```

```
-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen
July 2010
```

[1] Dyrholm, M., et al. (2011) "Single Trial Inference on Visual Attention", AIP Conference Proceedings, Volume 1371, pp. 37-43

Purpose

=====

For PR and WR.

This routine provides a safe wrapper to the TVACOREXRDDIST routine which calls the libTVA kernel algorithm for computing ... and to TVACOREXRDPENC which ...

Inputs

=====

(see also TVAPPAR)

Outputs

=====

Pd(i) - The probability that (i-1) distractors were encoded.

Ed - The expected number of distractors encoded.

Pi - Encoding probability of distractor i.

4.63 tvaxrinfer

TVAXRINFER

Synopsis

```
=====
S = tvaxrinfer(tvadata,tvamodel,theta,theta_fix)

-- Author: Mads Dyrholm --
Center for Visual Cognition, University of Copenhagen
October 2010

[1] Dyrholm, M., et al. (2011) "Single Trial Inference on Visual
Attention", AIP Conference Proceedings, Volume 1371, pp. 37-43
```

Purpose

```
=====
```

For PR and WR compute distractor encoding probabilities
for individual trials, given observed values.
See also TVAXRDDIST.

Output

```
=====
```

S{n}.Pi - The probability that element "i" is encoded
(Reported targets are set to 1 and non-reported targets
are set to 0).

S{n}.Ed - The expected number of distractors encoded.

S{n}.Pd - A vector with the number of distractors
encoded pdf.

S{n}.Es - Inferred VSTM load.

Bibliography

- [1] Dyrholm, M., et al. (2011). “Generalizing parametric models by introducing trial-by-trial parameter variability: The case of TVA”, *Journal of Mathematical Psychology*, 10.1016/j.jmp.2011.08.005
- [2] Kyllingsbæk, S., “Modeling Visual Attention”, *Behavior Research Methods*, Volume 38, Issue 1, pp. 123–133 (2006)
- [3] Dyrholm, M., et al. (2011). “Single Trial Inference on Visual Attention”, *AIP Conference Proceeding*, Volume 1371, pp. 37–43